# Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, Inc. Installation & Operation Instructions

## Model # 972211 · 1-Way Acid Airless Foamer

### REQUIREMENTS

#### **Chemical Concentrate**

| Nozzle               | A-25A Airless Foam Wand |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Hose                 | 1/2" ID x 50'           |
| Supply Line          | 1/2"                    |
| Flow                 | 1.30 GPM @ 40 PSI       |
| Pressure             | 35 to 125 PSI           |
| Water<br>Temperature | up to 160°F             |

### **OPTIONS**

| Large                     | # 224150 |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Stainless Steel Jug Racks |          |
| 2 ½ Gallon (8 ½" x 10 ½") | # 224210 |
| 5 Gallon (12" x 12")      | # 224215 |
| 5 Gallon Round Locking    | # 224216 |

| Drum Stick, 33" (Viton or EPDM) | # 491643 / 491643-E |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Drum Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM) | # 491648 / 491648-E |
| Drum Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM) | # 491645 / 491645-E |
| Tote Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM) | # 491654 / 491654-E |
| Tote Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM) | # 491656 / 491656-E |

#### **WEIGHT & DIMENSIONS**

| Single Package      |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Shipping Weight     | 16 lbs.        |
| Shipping Dimensions | 28" x 19" x 8" |





www.laffertyequipment.com 501-851-2820



WARNING! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!

#### **OVERVIEW**

The 1-Way Acid Airless Foamer is a foam applicator for applying highly corrosive chemicals, such as those used to remove concrete and for aluminum brightening, without compressed air. This acid-resistant venturi injection system uses standard city water pressure (35 - 125 PSI) to draw and blend a high concentration of acid into the water stream to create a strong solution. The solution then flows through the discharge hose to the "airless" foam wand which draws in atmospheric air to create and project wet, clinging foam on to any surface.

#### **SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS**

- When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.
- WARNING: Severe damage to your facility, or contamination of your potable water supply, can occur without proper backflow prevention.
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and safety goggles when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- For pressures over 100 PSI, remove the discharge valve or lower pressure.
- Never leave inlet ball valves on when unit is not in use.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without first consulting chemical manufacturer.

#### TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

If you are connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.

- 1. Mount the unit to a suitable surface above the chemical supply to prevent siphoning.
- 2. Connect the discharge hose(s) as shown in the diagram.
- 3. Flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting water.
- 4. Connect water supply. If water piping is older, or has known contaminants, install a water filter.

#### Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the strainer in the chemical concentrate.

## **TO OPERATE**

Always make sure the discharge ball valve is closed or pointed in a safe direction before turning water on. Ball valve can be shut off at any time during operation but should not be left unattended for long periods of time.

- 1. Open the inlet ball valve then open the discharge ball valve to begin application.
- 2. Make final metering tip adjustments based on application results.
- 3. When application is completed, close the discharge ball valve, return to the unit and close the inlet ball valve. Reopen the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in hose then close the discharge ball valve. If applicable rinse the work surface before solution dries.

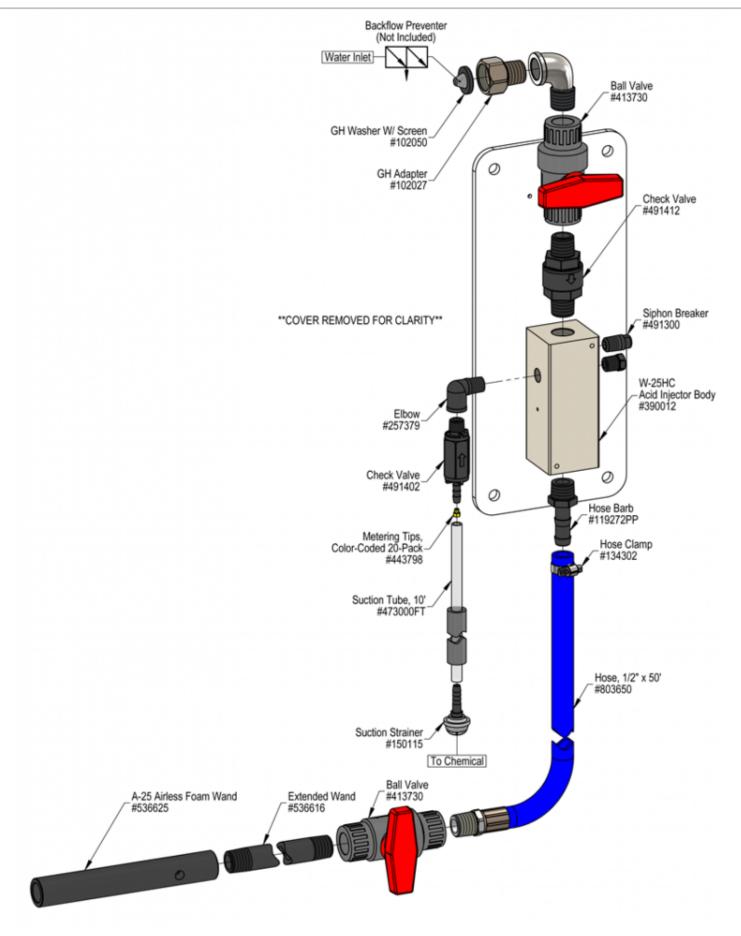
| METERING TIP SELECTION |                  |                               |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| METERING TIP<br>COLOR  | FL-OZ PER<br>MIN | DILUTION<br>RATIO<br>@ 40 PSI |
| Brown                  | 0.56             | 297:1                         |
| Clear                  | 0.88             | 189:1                         |
| Bright Purple          | 1.38             | 121:1                         |
| White                  | 2.15             | 77:1                          |
| Pink                   | 2.93             | 57:1                          |
| Corn Yellow            | 3.84             | 43:1                          |
| Dark Green             | 4.88             | 34:1                          |
| Orange                 | 5.77             | 29:1                          |
| Gray                   | 6.01             | 28:1                          |
| Light Green            | 7.01             | 24:1                          |
| Med. Green             | 8.06             | 21:1                          |
| Clear Pink             | 9.43             | 18:1                          |
| Yellow Green           | 11.50            | 14:1                          |
| Burgundy               | 11.93            | 14:1                          |
| Pale Pink              | 13.87            | 12:1                          |
| Light Blue             | 15.14            | 11:1                          |
| Dark Purple            | 17.88            | 9:1                           |
| Navy Blue              | 25.36            | 7:1                           |
| Clear Aqua             | 28.60            | 6:1                           |
| Black                  | 50.00            | _                             |
| No Tip Ratio Up To:    |                  | 4:1                           |

The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

#### FORMULA

GPM × 128 ÷ Dilution ratio = fl-oz/min

| FLOW RATES |      |  |  |
|------------|------|--|--|
| PSI        | GPM  |  |  |
| 35         | 1.22 |  |  |
| 40         | 1.30 |  |  |
| 50         | 1.45 |  |  |
| 60         | 1.59 |  |  |
| 70         | 1.72 |  |  |
| 80         | 1.84 |  |  |
| 90         | 1.95 |  |  |
| 100        | 2.06 |  |  |
| 110        | 2.16 |  |  |
| 120        | 2.25 |  |  |
| 125        | 2.30 |  |  |



|  | Possible Cause / Solution  |
|--|--|
| oblem  | Startup Maintenance  |
| Vill not draw chemical   | 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17   |
| Foam does not clean or foam properly                                       | 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16  |
| Jsing too much chemical  | 3  |
| Nater backing up into chemical container                                   | 10   |
|  | use / Solution   |
| Startup  | Maintenance  |
| 1. Inlet ball valve not completely open                                    | 10. Chemical check valve stuck or failed   |
| <ul> <li>Completely open the inlet ball valve.</li> </ul>                  | <ul> <li>Clean or replace.</li> </ul>  |
|  |  |
| 2. Not enough chemical - metering tip too small                            | 11. Chemical strainer or metering tip partially blocked  |
| <ul> <li>Install larger metering tip.</li> </ul>                           | <ul> <li>Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip</li> </ul>                                   |
| 3. No metering tip installed or metering tip too large                     | 12. Chemical tube stretched out or pin hole/cut in chemical  |
| <ul> <li>Install smaller metering tip.</li> </ul>                          | tube   |
| 5 1  | <ul> <li>Cut off end of tube or replace tube.</li> </ul>   |
| 4. Improper chemical   |  |
| <ul> <li>Ensure product is recommended for foaming and the</li> </ul>      | 13. Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections  |
| application.   | • Tighten the connection.  |
| 5. Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical                      | 14. Water strainer clogged or missing/injector inlet orifice   |
| depleted   | clogged  |
| <ul> <li>Immerse tube or replenish.</li> </ul>                             | <ul> <li>Clean or replace strainer; check/clean inlet orifice for</li> </ul>                                 |
|  | obstructions. DO NOT DRILL OUT.  |
| 6. Discharge hose too long or wrong size or kinked                         |  |
| <ul> <li>Straighten the hose or replace hose with correct size.</li> </ul> | 15. Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have formed  |
|  | the injector body causing poor or no chemical pick-up  |
| 7. Discharge ball valve not completely open                                | <ul> <li>Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below,</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>Completely open the discharge ball valve.</li> </ul>              | using hot water and/or de-scaling acid. When there is draw at all, carefully remove fittings and soak entire |
| 8. Water pressure or water volume too low/inlet piping too                 | injector body in de-scaling acid.  |
| small causing poor chemical pick up  | injector body in de-scaling acid.  |
| <ul> <li>Increase water pressure or water volume</li> </ul>                | 16. Foam wand clogged or scaled up / wrong nozzle  |
| " Incicase water pressure of water volume                                  | <ul> <li>Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have form</li> </ul>                                      |
| 9. Soil has hardened on surface; always rinse before                       | soak entire foam wand in de-scaling acid / see   |
| chemical dries   | requirements.  |
| <ul> <li>Reapplication may be necessary.</li> </ul>                        |  |
| - Reapplication may be necessary.  | 17. More than one chemical ball valve open or no chemical  |
|  | valve open   |
|  | <ul> <li>2 &amp; 3 Way models only</li> </ul>  |

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.

**1**